

VOLANT

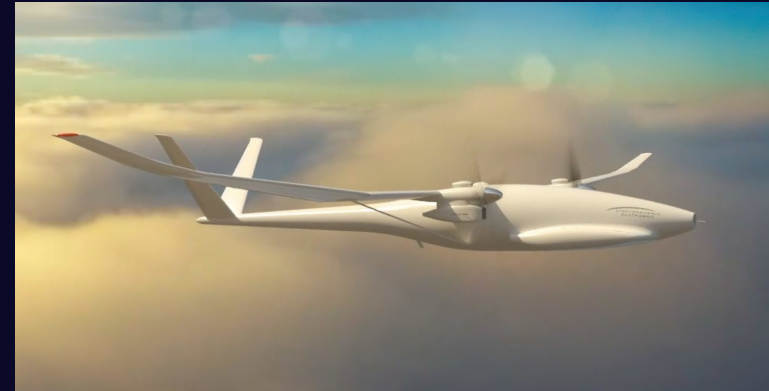
HISC
HIGH INTEGRITY SOFTWARE
CONFERENCE
OCT 17, 2023

Optimizing the human: Safety critical on a budget

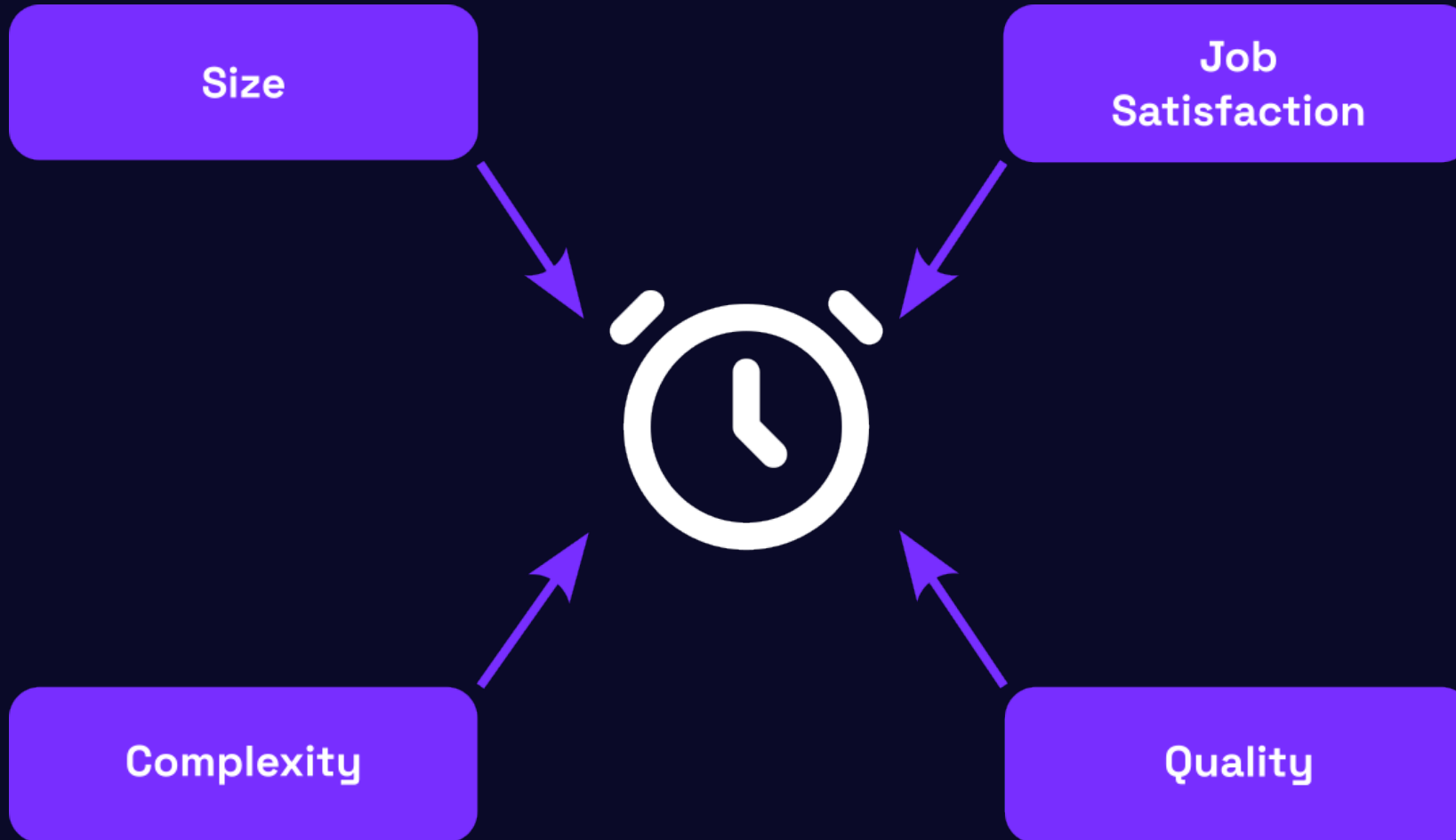
- Why do we have to optimise the human now?
- How do we achieve rapid certification?
- What is the human's role in future work?

What is coming to our industry?

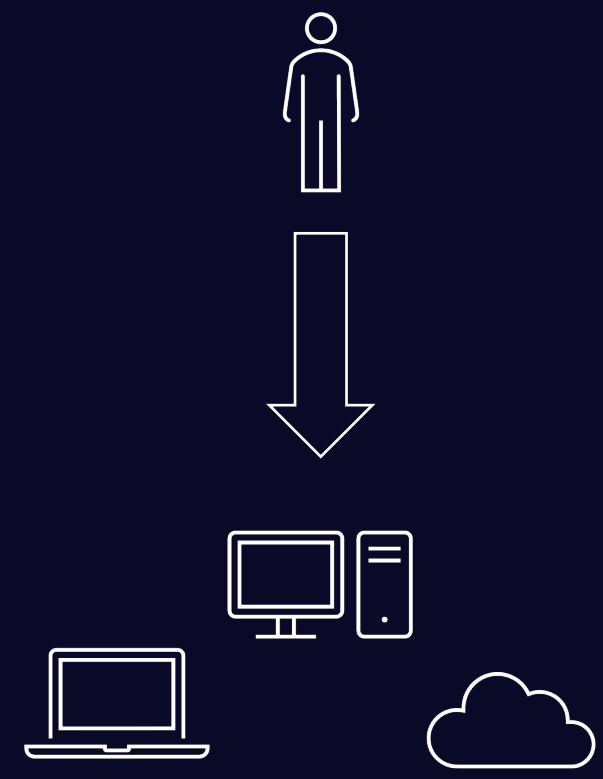
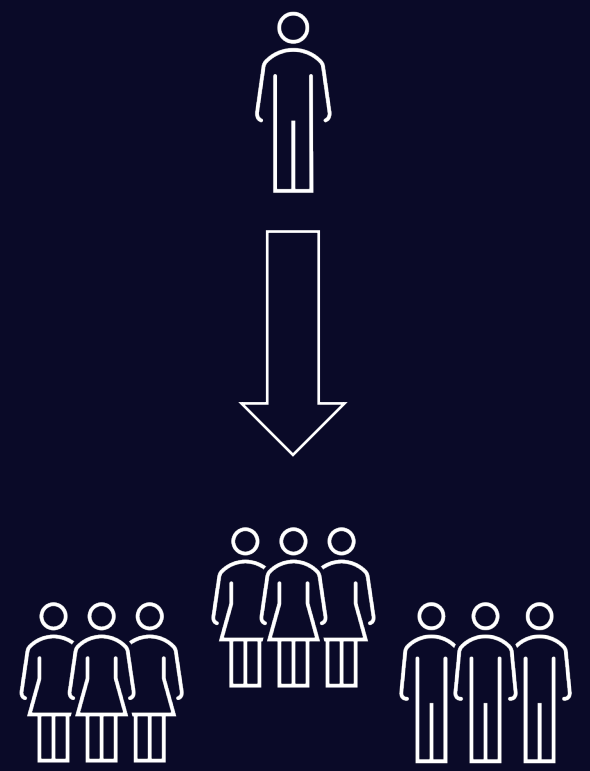
- Rapid expansion of platform capability
- Added complexity of interconnected systems
- Increasing demand



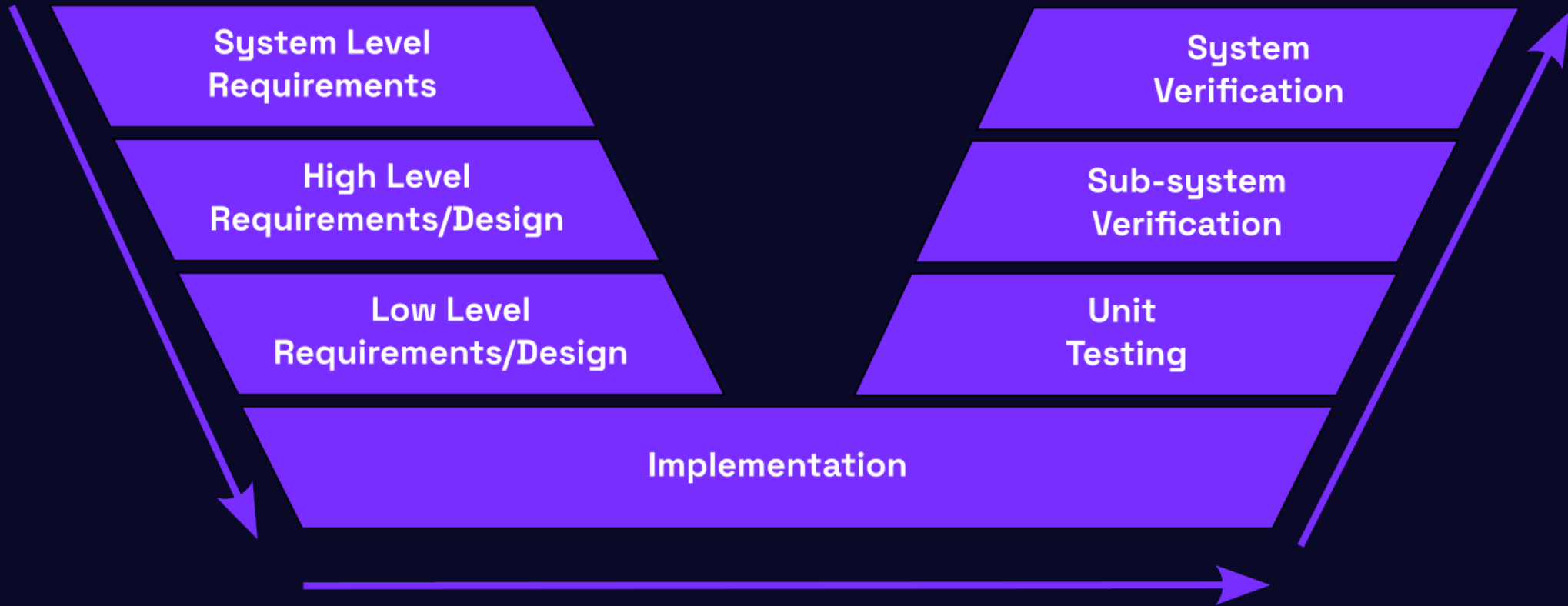
What drives timelines?



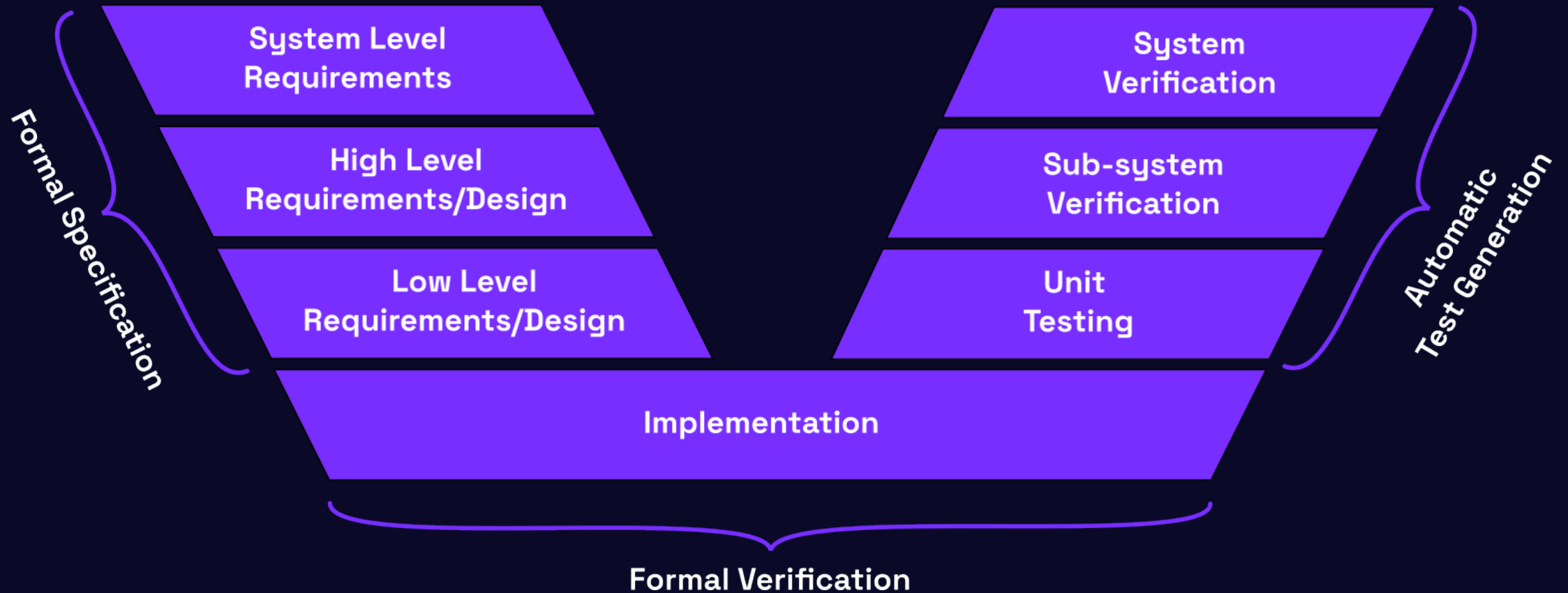
How do we scale?



Where are we spending time?



Where does automation come in?



Requirements - Formal specification

- Mathematical proving of models of our system and requirements
- Reduced ambiguity leads to fewer errors
- Examples include TLA⁺, Alloy, Z...

```

MODULE diehard
EXTENDS Integers

VARIABLES small, big

TypeOK  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  small  $\in$  0..3
           $\wedge$  big  $\in$  0..5

Init  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  big = 0
       $\wedge$  small = 0

FillSmall  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  small' = 3
            $\wedge$  big' = big

FillBig  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  big' = 5
          $\wedge$  small' = small

EmptySmall  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  small' = 0
             $\wedge$  big' = big

EmptyBig  $\hat{=}$   $\wedge$  big' = 0
           $\wedge$  small' = small

SmallToBig  $\hat{=}$  IF big + small  $\leq$  5
              THEN  $\wedge$  big' = big + small
                   $\wedge$  small' = 0
              ELSE  $\wedge$  big' = 5
                   $\wedge$  small' = small - (5 - big)

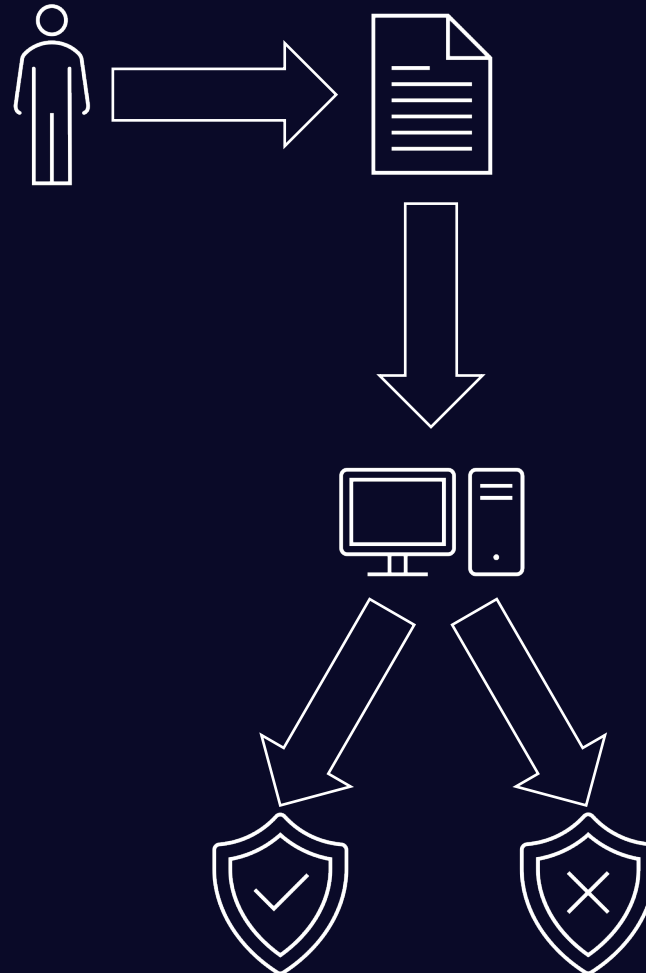
BigToSmall  $\hat{=}$  IF big + small  $\leq$  3
              THEN  $\wedge$  big' = 0
                   $\wedge$  small' = big + small
              ELSE  $\wedge$  big' = small - (3 - big)
                   $\wedge$  small' = 3

Next  $\hat{=}$   $\vee$  FillSmall
       $\vee$  FillBig
       $\vee$  EmptySmall
       $\vee$  EmptyBig
       $\vee$  SmallToBig
       $\vee$  BigToSmall
  
```


Requirements - Formal specification

Automated:

- Type checking and proof
- Code generation
- Test case generation



1. User writes requirements

2. Computer checks logic

3. Automated answer

Implementation - Formal Verification

- Mathematical proving of source code
- Early identification of implementation errors
- Reduces regulatory demand for costly unit testing
- Examples include SPARK Ada, FRAMA C...

```
1 package Linear_Search
2   with SPARK_Mode
3   is
4
5     type Index is range 1 .. 10;
6     type Element is new Integer;
7
8     type Arr is array (Index) of Element;
9
10    type Search_Result (Found : Boolean := False) is record
11      case Found is
12        when True =>
13          At_Index : Index;
14        when False =>
15          null;
16      end case;
17    end record;
18
19    function Value_Found_In_Range
20      (A      : Arr;
21       Val    : Element;
22       Low, Up : Index) return Boolean
23    is (for some J in Low .. Up => A(J) = Val);
24
25    function Search
26      (A      : Arr;
27       Val    : Element) return Search_Result
28    with
29      Global => null,
30      Depends => (Search'Result => (A, Val)),
31      Pre => Val >= 0,
32      Post => (if Search'Result.Found then
33              A (Search'Result.At_Index) = Val),
34      Contract_Cases =>
35        (A(1) = Val =>
36         Search'Result.At_Index = 1, -- If the result is at 1, then I want found index to be 1
37         A(1) /= Val and then Value_Found_In_Range (A, Val, 2, 10) =>
38         Search'Result.Found, -- If I find the value in range, I want result to be set to found
39         (for all J in Arr'Range => A(J) /= Val) =>
40         not Search'Result.Found); -- If its not present, I want it to not be found
41
42    end Linear_Search;
```

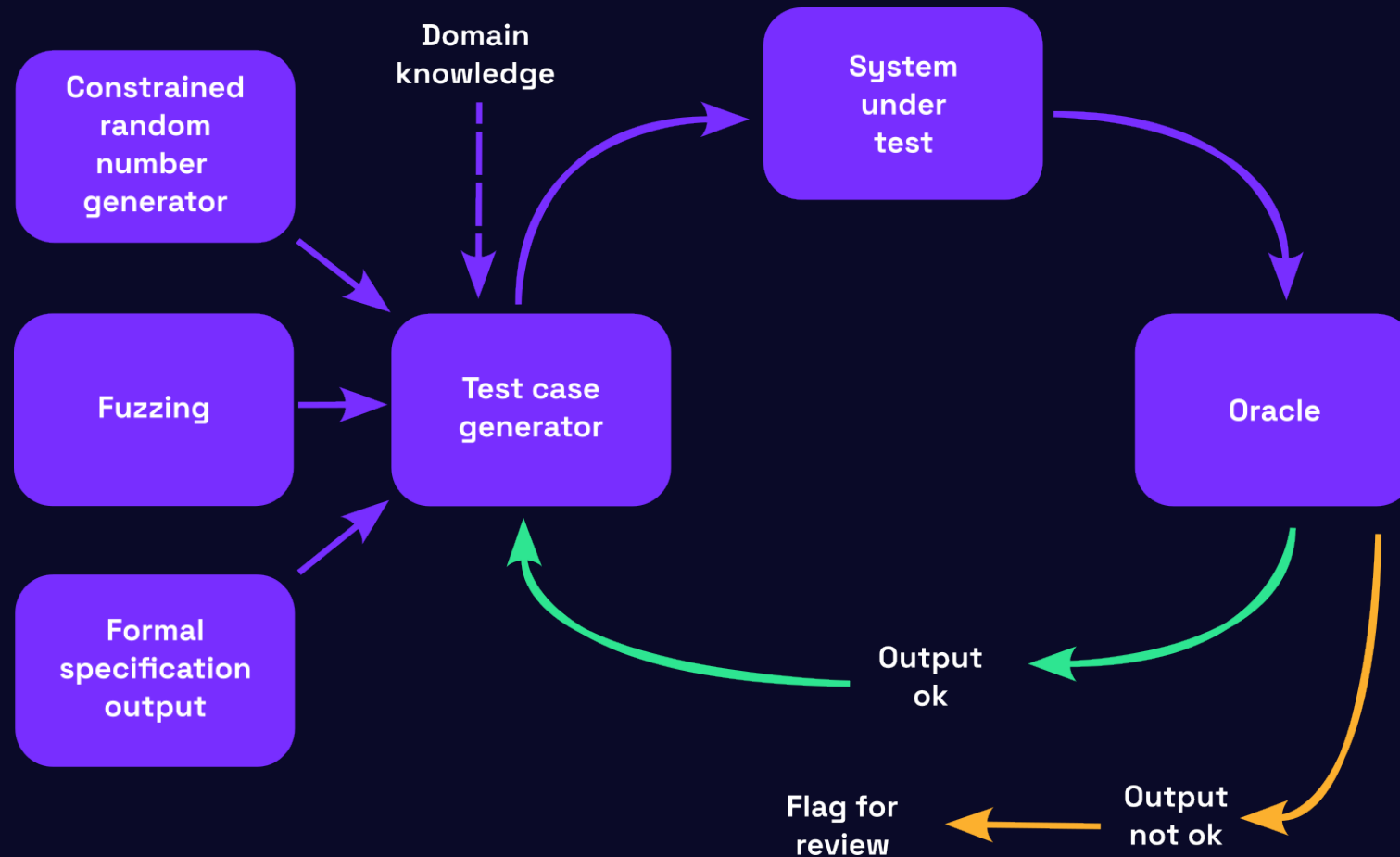
Implementation - Formal Verification

Automated:

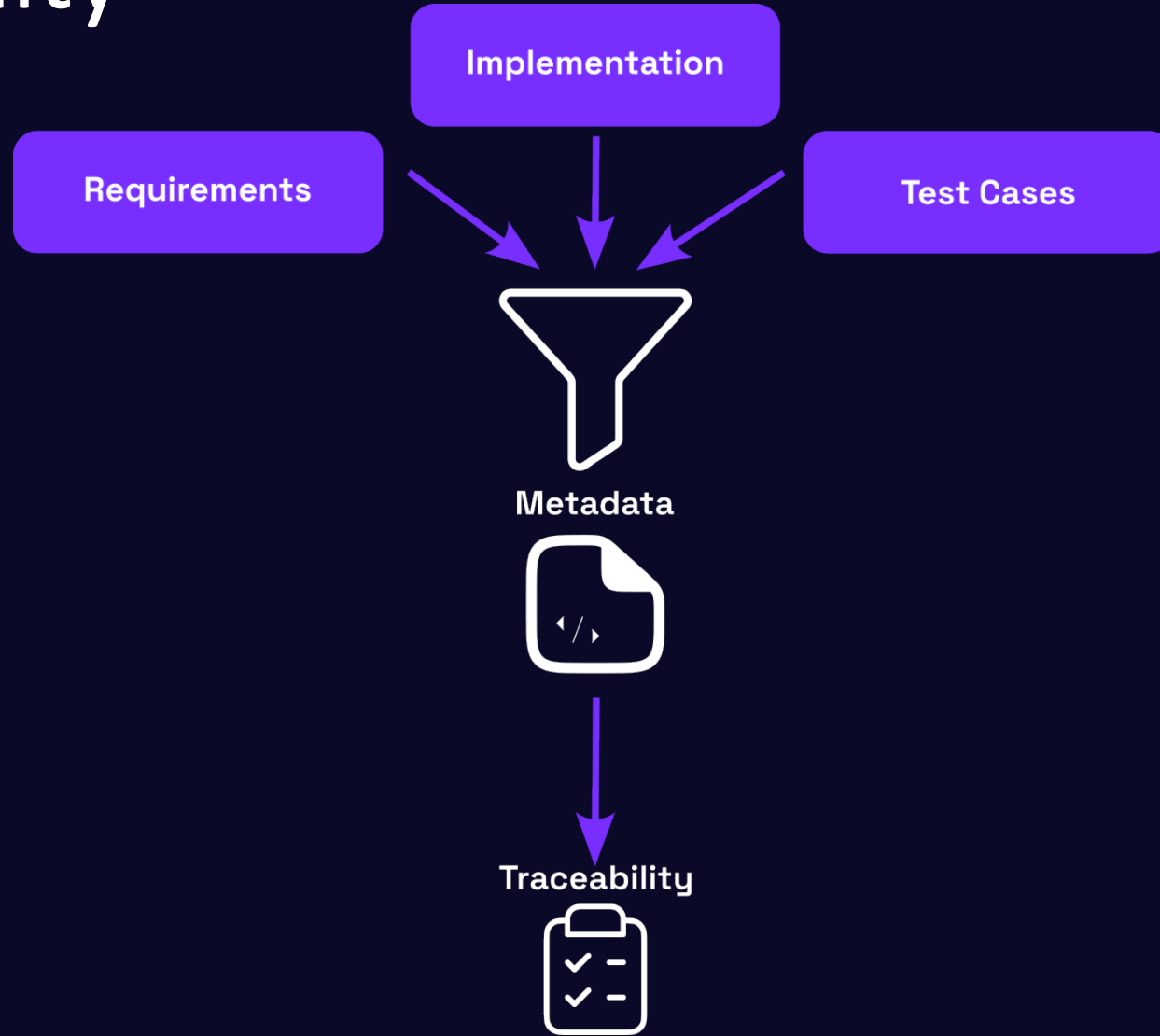
- Data & control flow analysis
- Proof of the absence of run-time exceptions
- Dependency contract checking

```
1 package body Linear_Search
2   with SPARK_Mode
3   is
4
5     function Search
6       (A : Arr;
7        Val : Element) return Search_Result
8     is
9       Pos : Index'Base := A'First;
10      Res : Search_Result;
11    begin
12      while Pos <= A'Last loop
13        if A(Pos) = Val then
14          Res := (Found => True,
15                At_Index => Pos);
16          return Res;
17        end if;
18
19        pragma Loop_Invariant
20          (Pos in A'Range
21           and then
22            not Value_Found_In_Range (A, Val, A'First, Pos));
23        pragma Loop_Variant (Increases => Pos);
24
25        Pos := Pos + 1;
26      end loop;
27
28      Res := (Found => False);
29      return Res;
30    end Search;
31
32 end Linear_Search;
```

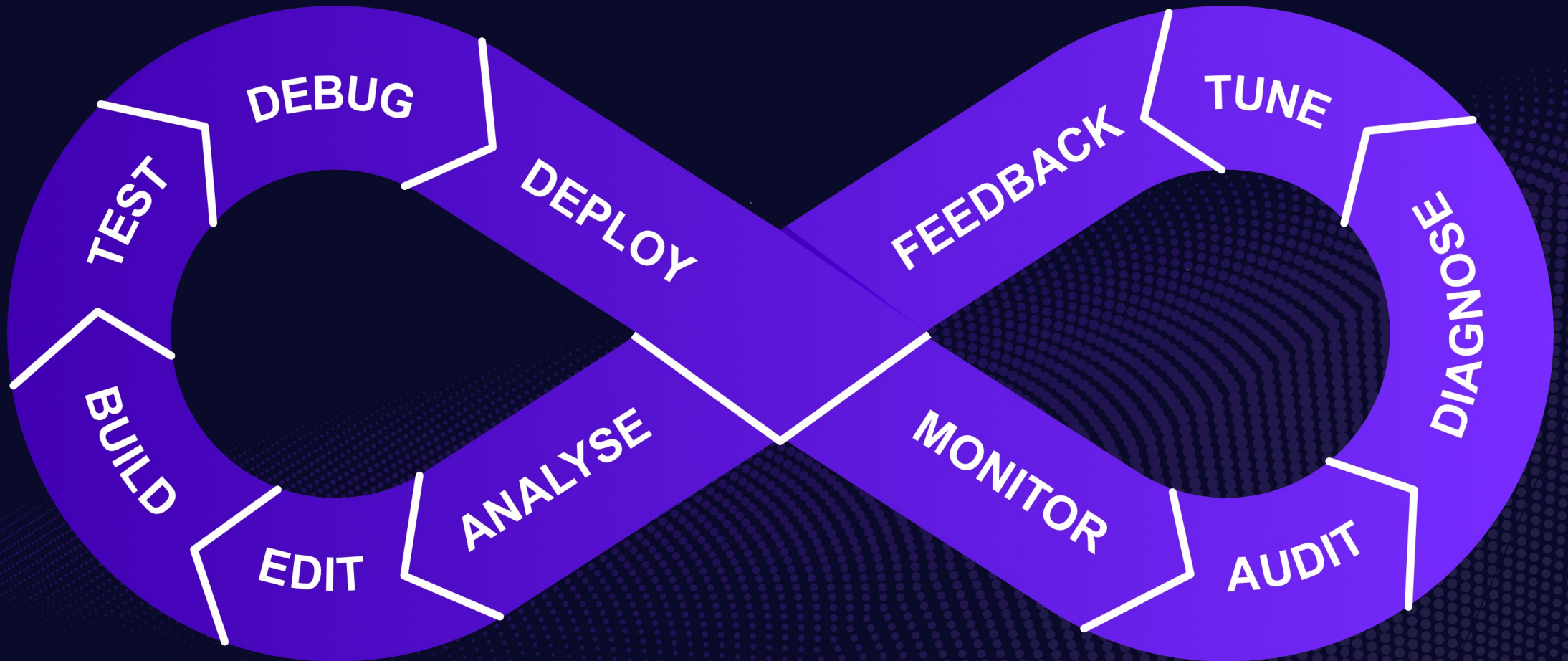
Testing – Automated test cases



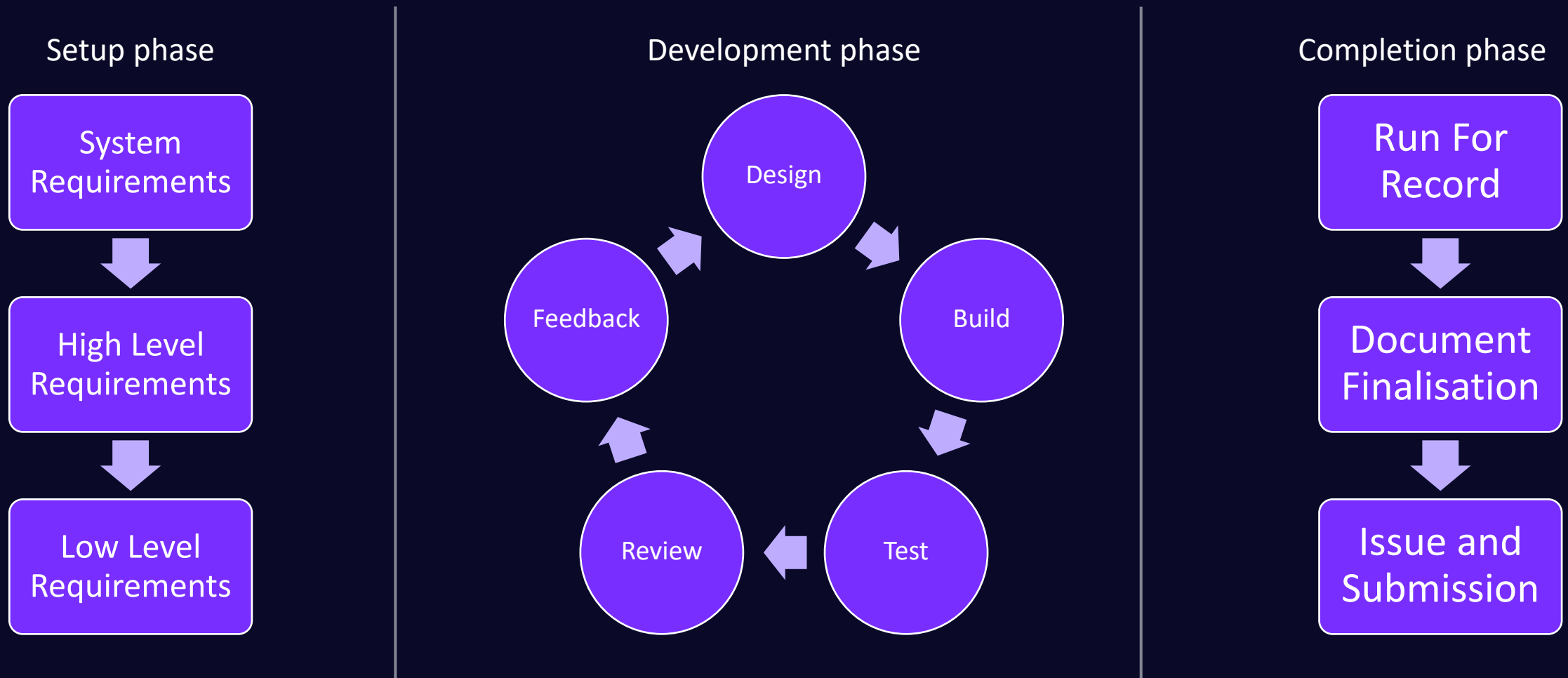
Traceability



DevOps



How do we manage projects?



Optimising the human

- Change is coming to the industry and safety needs to be at the forefront
- Many methods to solve the problem, but there is no silver bullet!
- Offload repetitive tasks to automation so we can focus on the complex problems!

Questions?

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